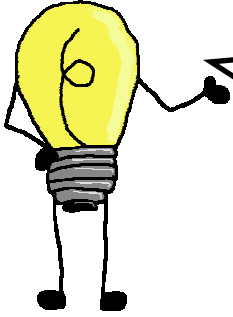


-ĒRE verbs

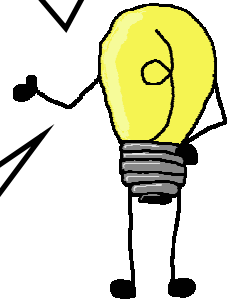
sum.



- The part of the verb that ends in -ēre is called the infinitive.
- In English, the infinitive starts with the word “to”, followed by the name of the verb.
- -ēre verbs are the second conjugation, or group, of Latin verbs.
- The -ēre group of verbs is the third biggest group.

ridēre	to laugh
rideō	I laugh
ridēs	you laugh (one person)
ridet	he / she laughs
ridēmus	we laugh
ridētis	you laugh (more than one person)
rident	they laugh

To make the part of the verb that you need, chop off the -ēre to make the stem, then add the right ending.



sedēre	to sit
monēre	to warn
timēre	to fear
gaudēre	to rejoice

Work out these verb forms.
Use the infinitives in the box.

1.	I sit	<i>sedeō</i>	9.	you warn (one person)	
2.	he warns		10.	they fear	
3.	you fear (one person)		11.	you sit (more than one person)	
4.	we warn		12.	they rejoice	
5.	you rejoice (more than one person)		13.	I warn	
6.	he fears		14.	she sits	
7.	we rejoice		15.	we fear	
8.	they sit		16.	I rejoice	

ANSWERS:

1.	I sit	<i>sedeō</i>	9.	you warn (one person)	<i>monēs</i>
2.	he warns	<i>monet</i>	10.	they fear	<i>timent</i>
3.	you fear (one person)	<i>timēs</i>	11.	you sit (more than one person)	<i>sedētis</i>
4.	we warn	<i>monēmus</i>	12.	they rejoice	<i>gaudent</i>
5.	you rejoice (more than one person)	<i>gaudētis</i>	13.	I warn	<i>moneō</i>
6.	he fears	<i>timet</i>	14.	she sits	<i>sedet</i>
7.	we rejoice	<i>gaudēmus</i>	15.	we fear	<i>timēmus</i>
8.	they sit	<i>sedent</i>	16.	I rejoice	<i>gaudeō</i>