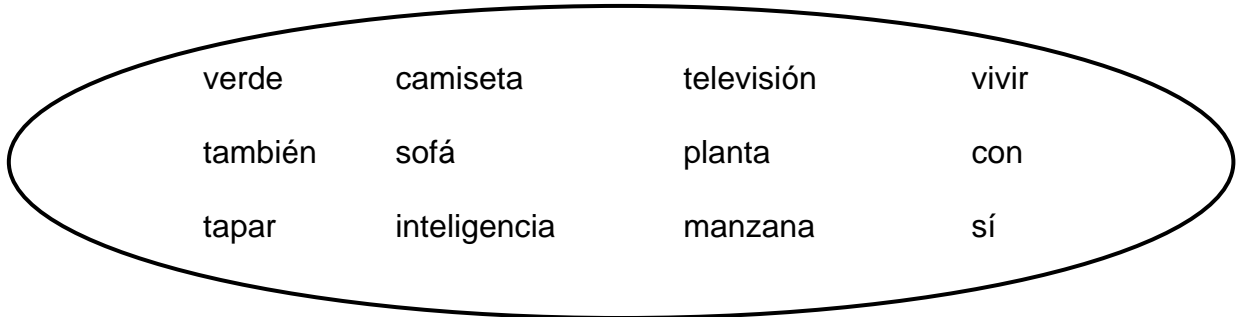


Nouns (I)

Identifica los nombres:



Pon los nombres en la columna correcta:

médico	orejas	Ana	libro	Madrid	silla
reina	manos	papel	mujeres	agua	ciudad
Miguel	Francia	profesor	vaca	ordenador	flores

Persona	Lugar	Objeto

masc. sg.	fem. sg.	masc. pl.	fem. pl.

Nouns (II)

Which is the odd one out? Why? Use a dictionary if you want.

1	colegio universidad escuela guardería	Why ?
2	cuerpo mano pie estómago	Why ?
3	planta sillas niñas libros	Why ?
4	estadio elefante Londres España	Why ?
5	existencia pensamiento sentimiento armario	Why ?
6	el la una las	Why ?
7	padre tía abuela hermana	Why ?
8	tenis vela rugby atletismo	Why ?

Nouns (I)

- This worksheet enables students to practise identifying what a noun is and looking into how nouns in Spanish are different to those in English. It also provides you with a good opportunity to introduce and practise the notions of gender and number, as well as introduce students to using the dictionary to find out what part of speech a word is.
- In the first exercise, students identify and circle the nouns.
- In the second exercise, students categorise the nouns firstly according to whether they are persons, places or things and secondly according to gender and number. It is likely that they will need a dictionary to help them to do this.

Answers:

The nouns are: camiseta, televisión, sofá, planta, inteligencia, manzana

Persona	Lugar	Objeto
médico	Madrid	orejas
Ana	ciudad	libro
reina	Francia	silla
mujeres		manos
Miguel		papel
profesor		agua
		vaca
		ordenador
		flores

m. sing.	f. sing.	m. pl.	f. pl.
médico	Ana		orejas
libro	Madrid		manos
papel	silla		mujeres
agua	reina		flores
Miguel	ciudad		
profesor	Francia		
ordenador	vaca		

Nouns (II)

- This is a Thinking Skills odd-one-out activity. It has been designed deliberately so that there is always more than one possible answer. Students should be encouraged to give their answers and express their reason using grammatical terminology when appropriate. For example, "I think x is the odd one out because it's the only one that isn't feminine".

Answers (by no means a finite list!):

1	colegio universidad escuela guardería	Why ? <i>Colegio because it's not feminine</i> <i>Guardería because it's not a place of education</i> <i>Universidad because it doesn't end in a vowel</i>
2	cuerpo mano pie estómago	Why ? <i>Mano because it's not masculine</i> <i>Pie because it doesn't end in -o</i> <i>Cuerpo because it's not a <u>part</u> of the body</i> <i>Estómago because it has an accent / starts with a vowel</i>
3	planta sillas niñas libros	Why ? <i>Planta because it's not plural</i> <i>Niñas because it's not an object / only has 5 letters</i> <i>Libros because it's not feminine</i>
4	estadio elefante Londres España	Why ? <i>Elefante because it's not a place</i> <i>Londres because it doesn't start with e-</i>
5	existencia pensamiento sentimiento armario	Why ? <i>Armario because it's an object not an idea</i> <i>Existencia because it's not masculine</i>
6	el la una las	Why ? <i>El because it's not feminine</i> <i>Las because it's not singular</i> <i>Una because it's not a definite article</i>
7	padre tía abuela hermana	Why ? <i>Padre because it's not feminine / doesn't change gender by changing o <-> a</i> <i>Hermana because others are above you in the family tree</i> <i>Abuela because it starts with a vowel</i>
8	tenis vela rugby atletismo	Why ? <i>Vela because it's not masculine / not cognate / only water sport</i>